



Achievements during the previous extension period (2010-2018)

Progress so far and remaining areas



2010 Remaining challenge: **14,849,631m²**

Target for the period 2009-2019:
14,860,000m².

Tajikistan addressed **17,565,639m²** for the period 2009-2018 representing progress of (124%) against the target.

7 districts declared 'mine-free'.

During 2010-2018, previously unknown mined areas measuring **10,485,815 m²** were identified.

The highest rates of released land performed in the period 2010-2014 as a result of deployed mechanical demining assets in the flat areas of Tajik-Afghan border.



Landmines
& UXO
Destroyed

77,846



Land cleared
and reduced

13,973,190 sqm



Land cancelled by
non-technical
survey

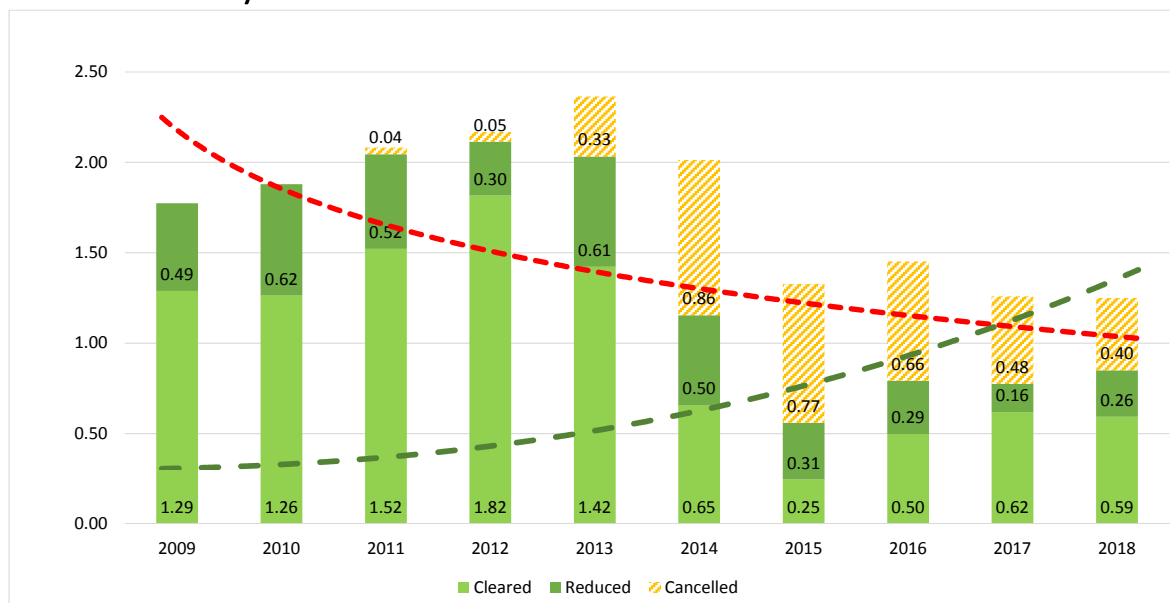
3,592,449 sqm



Total land
released
and handed over

17,565,639 sqm

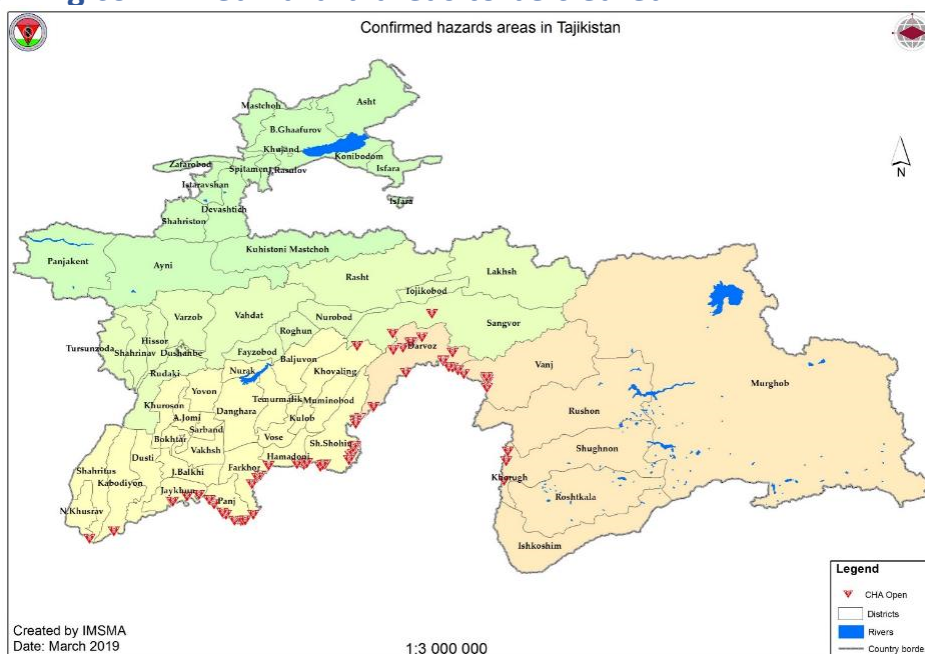
Efficiency



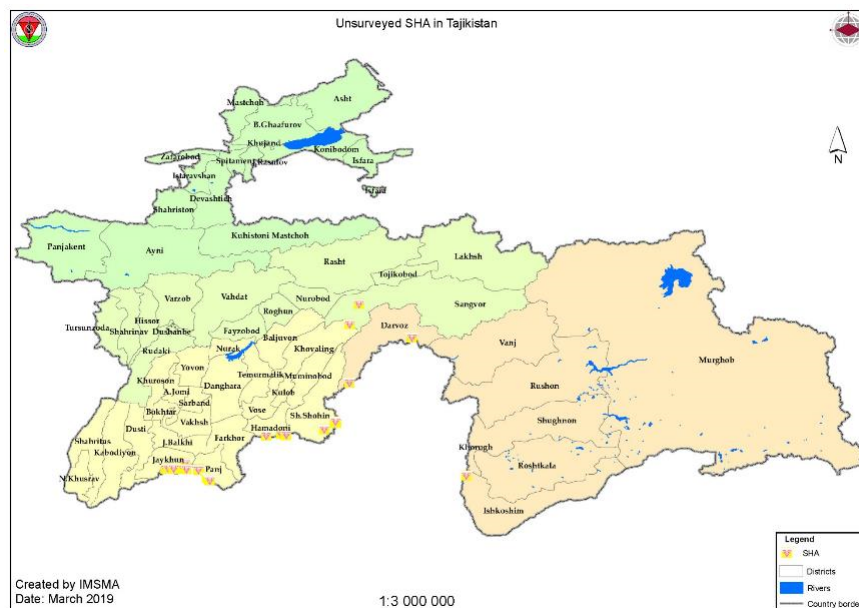
Remaining confirmed hazard areas to be cleared

Priorities:

- Housing, border patrolling routes, agricultural land and livestock farms
- Water, electricity, sewage, landlines
- Natural Reserves, territories important for tourism and other national parks and places with attractive nature

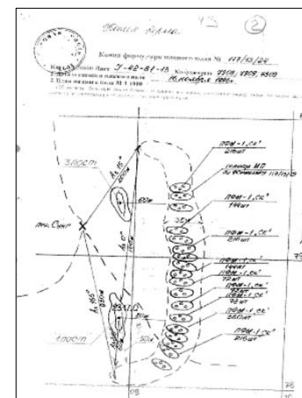


Remaining suspected hazard areas to be surveyed



Approximately 41 SHA to be surveyed

- Area to be surveyed based on 30 remaining minefield records.



Plan to address remaining contamination

Tajikistan has a remaining challenge of 195 hazardous areas measuring 8,848,210m².

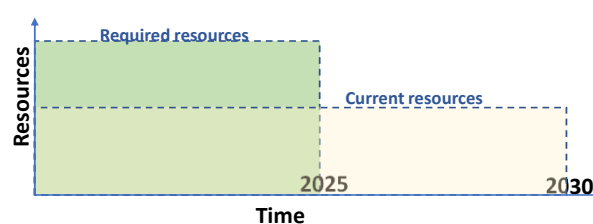
This includes:

- 154 confirmed hazardous areas measuring 7,907,210m²
- 41 SHA measuring an estimated 941,000m².

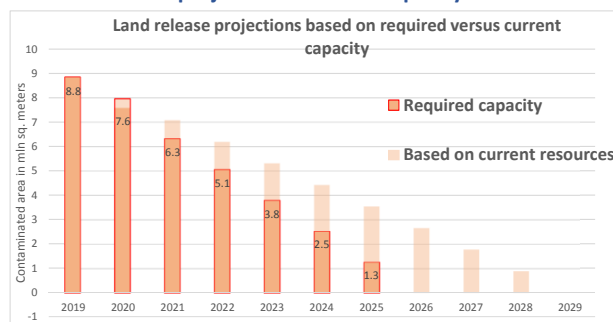
During the extension period Tajikistan will address the following:

- 195 CHA&SHA measuring 8,848,210 m²

This 2025 goal is based on doubling current capacity.

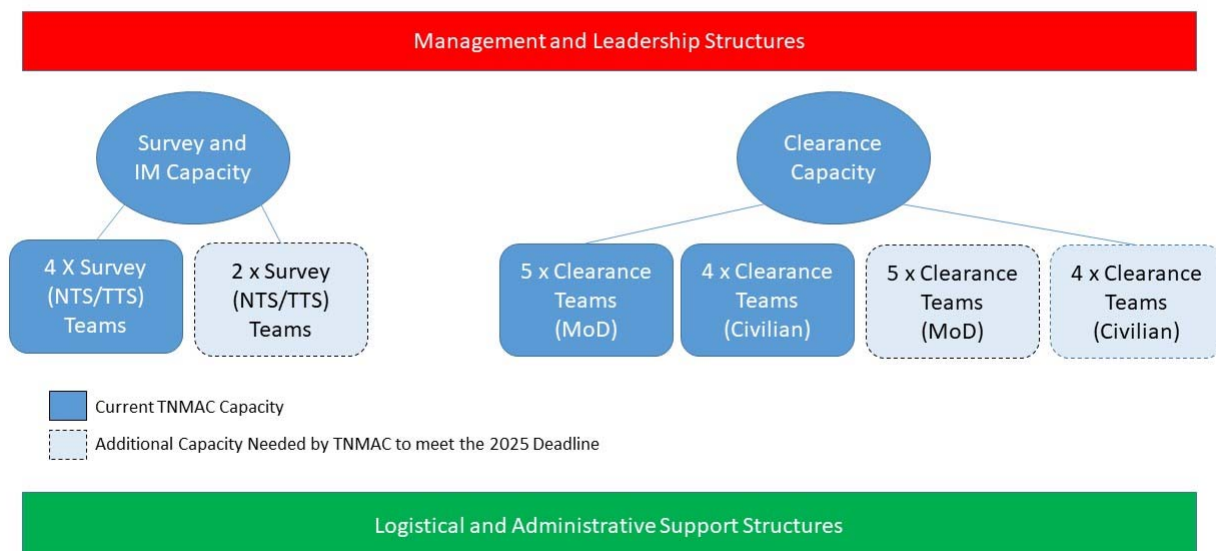


Clearance rate projection based on capacity available in 2019





Current vs Needed Survey and Clearance Capacity



Current cooperation and assistance and challenges

Year	Annual Milestone (square metres)	Current national resources (US \$)	Current international resources (US \$)	Additional Funding Required for increasing capacity	Total
2020	1 388 819	480 000	2 600 000	3 400 000	6 480 000
2021	1 218 722	480 000	2 600 000	1 800 000	4 880 000
2022	1 284 655	480 000	2 600 000	1 800 000	4 880 000
2023	1 277 666	480 000	2 600 000	1 800 000	4 880 000
2024	1 138 919	480 000	2 600 000	1 800 000	4 880 000
2025	1 170 000	480 000	2 600 000	1 800 000	4 880 000
TOTAL	7 478 781	2 880 000	15 600 000	12 400 000	30 880 000



Application of Lessons Learned Going Forward

Challenges Previously Faced

- Remote Mountainous Areas
- Seasonal Demining
- Security / Access to Border Areas
- Decrease in Funding
- Accurate Survey Information
- Clearance is Expensive

Solution / Lessons Learned

- Will Use Mainly Manual Assets
- Surge Capacity during Seasonal Working Window
- Partnership with Border Guard Forces
- Joint Approach to Fundraising / Need for Renewal of Commitment
- Better Survey and Analysis
- Use Seconded National Resources

Impacts of the contamination

THE IMPACT OF EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS

CONTAMINATION
over

25

districts contaminated
mines, cluster munitions and
explosive remnants of war



IMPACT

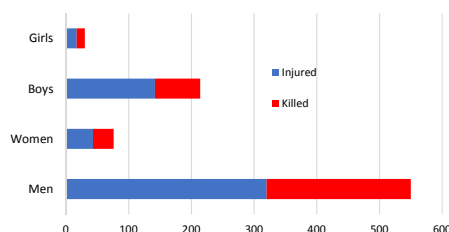
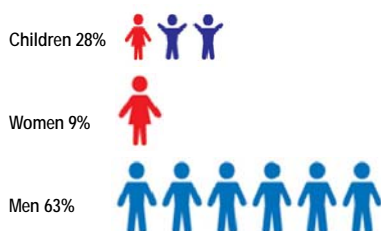


as of May 2019

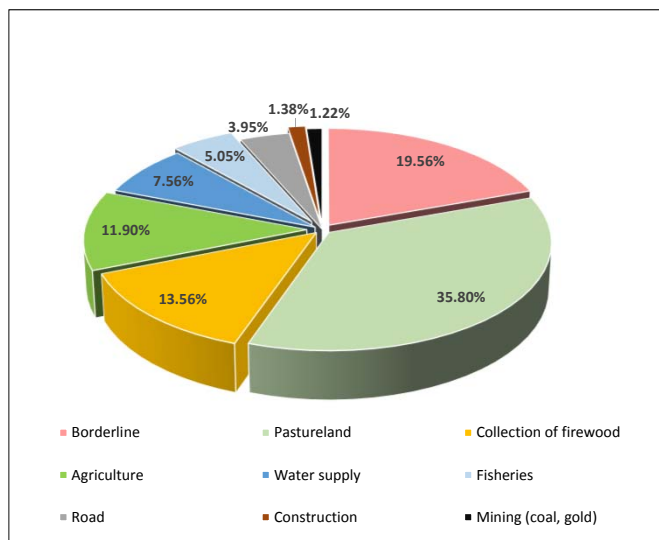
872

reported casualties from
mines, cluster munition
and explosive remnants
of war

Daily life, resettlement for
communities after conflict
and development impeded



Land Release impact at local, regional and/or national level



Water supply projects along "Panj" river



Halkayor Dam during reconstruction (Tajik Afghan border)



Construction of transmission/communication lines Darvoz, Vanj and Khovaling districts.



Land use after clearance in Central Region (Sangvor, Argankul)



Main development partners of Tajikistan Mine Action Programme

Current Donors:

- USA 
- Norway 
- OSCE 

Partners:

- UNDP 
- GICHD
- NPA
- FSD
- ICRC

Past and potential Donors to help Tajikistan to be free of mine up to 2025

- Canada 
- Germany 
- UK 
- Japan 
- Switzerland 
- France
- Sweden 
- Belgium 
- Australia 

